

J B ACADEMY, AYODHYA
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION(2025-26)
Class – XI, SUB : HISTORY

Time – 3 Hours

Marks 80

General Instructions:

- (i) Question paper comprises five Sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 34 questions in the question Paper. All questions are compulsory
- (ii). Section A – Question 1 to 21 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- (iii). Section B – Question no. 22 to 27 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 Marks each.(Word limit 60-80 word's)
- (iv) Section C – Question no 28 to 30 are Long Answer Type Questions, carrying 8 Marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 300-350 words
- (v). Section D – Question no.31 to 33 are Source based questions with three sub Questions and are of 4 marks each
- (vi) Section-E – Question no. 34 is Map based, carrying 5 marks that includes the Identification and location of significant test items. Attach the map with the answer Book. There is no overall choice in the question paper.

SECTION - A

- 1 .Assertion A: Enmerkar was the name of God of Uruk.
Reason R: Rulers sent men out to fetch fine stone and metals.
 - A. Both A and R is true and R is the correct reason for A
 - B. Both A and R is true and R is not the correct reason for A
 - C. A is true and R is false.
 - D. A is False and R is true
- 2. Assertion A: Gilgamesh Epic was written on 12 tablets.
Reason R: It was written by a Great hero Nabonidus who subdued people far and wide .
 - A. Both A and R is true and R is the correct reason for A.
 - B. Both A and R is true and R is not the correct reason for A.
 - C. A is true and R is false.
 - D. Both A and R is false
- 3. Assertion A: Mongol Empire was transcontinental.
Reason R: Sources of information are written in number of languages.
 - A. Both A and R is true and R is the correct reason for A.
 - B. Both A and R is true and R is not the correct reason for A.
 - C. A is true and R is false.
 - D. A is False and R is true.
- 4. Assertion A: Royal absolutism is also known as a modified form of feudalism.
Reason R: All Nobility opposed the rulers.
 - A. Both A and R is true and R is the correct reason for A
 - B. Both A and R is true and R is not the correct reason for A.
 - C. A is false and R is true.
 - D. A is true and R is false

5. Assertion A: Descendants of Toluy had come to rule both China and Iran.

Reason R: Jochi lost their control over Iran.

- A. Both A and R is true and R is the correct reason for A.
- B. Both A and R is true and R is not the correct reason for A.
- C. A is true and R is false.
- D. Both A and R is False

6. I. River Rhine and Volga were the two rivers forming boundary of Roman empire.

II. Constantinople was the second capital of Roman Empire.

III. The Sassanians preceded Parthians

IV. Pompeii city was buried in a volcanic eruption.

Find the **true** statements.

A. I, IV

B. II, III

C. Only I

D. Only IV

7. Assertion A: There was no soil conservation in Medieval Europe.

Reason : The soil was exhausted despite the practice of three – field rotation of crops.

- A. Both A and R is true and R is the correct reason for A.
- B. Both A and R is true and R is not the correct reason for A.
- C. A is true and R is false.
- D. A is False and R is true

8. Identify the statement/s which are **not true**.

(i). Greek sources of information consider Mongols as Barbarians.

(ii). There was difference in content regarding the information on Mongols in 2 different languages.

(iii). Chinese wrote positive about Mongols.

(iv). His- Hsia people were of Tibetan origin.

A. Only (iii)

B. (i),(ii),(iii)

C. (i),(ii),(iv).

D. Only (iv)

9. Arrange the following in the chronological order?

I Occurrence of Black Death

II Birth of Genghis Khan

III Establishment of Saint Benedict monastery

IV Reign of Octavian Augustus.

A. IV. III. II. I

B. IV. II. I. III

C. III. II. I. IV.

D. III. IV. II. I

10. Identify the **false** statement /s.

(i). Alashiya, island of Cyprus known for copper

(ii). Uruk was one of earliest trading town

(iii). Akkadian language was slowly replaced Aramaic language.

(iv). Mesopotamians used iron tip in plough for cultivation.

A. (ii),(iv).

B. (i),(iii)

C. Only (i).

D. Only (iv)

11. Arrange the following in the chronological order.

(i) Babur invaded India

(ii) Death of Genghis Khan.

iii) Duke William invades England.

(iv) Charlemagne proclaimed as Holy Roman emperor.

A. (ii), (i), (iii), (iv).

B. (i), (iii), (ii), (iv)

C. (iv), (iii), (ii), (i).

D. (iv), (i), (iii), (ii)

12. Identify the **false** statement/s

- (i). The expansion of Mongols from its beginning has been the greatest political revolution in history of ancient world.
- (ii). Gaul was renamed as France in post Roman period.
- (iii). Lombards captured Spain.
- (iv). Jupiter is name of an Italian God.

A(ii),(iv). B. (i),(iii) C (i),(ii). D. Only (iv)

13. Which of the following statement/s regarding Gallienus is **False**?

- (i) He excluded senators from serving the army.
- (ii). He introduced the Solidus, a gold coin.
- (iii). He separated civilian from military functions.
- (iv). He ruled over Rome in 3rd century.

A (i),(iv). B. (ii),(iii) C (ii),(iv). D. Only (iii)

14. Arrange the following events in the chronological order of their occurrence

- (i). Ogodei establishes his Capital at Karakoram.
- (ii). Toluyids take interest in occupying China.
- (iii). Integration of fortification of Great Wall of China.
- (iv). Capture of Bukharaby Genghis Khan.

A. (iv),(ii),(i),(iii). B. (iii),(iv)(ii),(i)
C. (iv),(ii),(iii),(i). D. (iii)(iv),(i),(ii)

15. Identify the **false** statement/s

- (i). Tiberius was the natural son of Augustus.
- (ii). Octavian was the natural heir of Augustus.
- (iii). 'Princeps' in Latin means Senate .
- (iv). Senators from Italy dominated Senate in the early Roman empire.

A. (i),(ii),(iii). B. (i) (iii),(iv) C. Only (i). D. Only (iv)

16. Identify the true statement/s

- (i). When the Mongol lineages allied, they didn't offer better terms to Chinese counterparts.
- (ii). In the conflict with the sedentary Chinese, Mongols had an upper hand.
- (iii). The arid Gobi desert lies in west of Mongolia.
- (iv). 'Altai' was a mountain .

A. (i) (ii),(iv). B. (i),(iii),(iv) C. Only (i). D. Only (iii)

17. Find the incorrect pair/s

- (i). Tuman – 10000 soldiers.
- (ii). Noyan – Captains of army units.
- (iii). Blood brothers– Anda.
- (iv). Ogodei- Transoxiana steppes.

A. (i),(ii). B. (i),(iv) C. Only (iii). D. Only (iv)

18. Find the **correct** pair/s

- (i). Ghazan Khan – First to convert to Islam among Il - Khanid rulers.
- (ii). Qubilai Khan –Chagatai.
- (iii). Mongke – Iran.
- (iv). Abdullah Khan – Bukhara visit.

A. (i),(iv), B. (i),(iii),(iv) C. Only (ii). D. Only (iii)

19. Arrange the following in the chronological order.

- (i). Emergence of feudalism in Europe.
- (ii). Charlemagne rules over France.
- (iii). Marc Bloch emphasizes on importance of geography in shaping human life.
- (iv). The Angles and Saxons from Central Europe settled in England.

A (iii),(iv), (ii),(i). B. (i),(ii), (iv),(iii) C (i),(iv),(ii), (iii). D. (iv), (ii),(i),(iii)

20. Find the **correct** pair.

- (i). Tithe – Nobles (ii). Bishop-Nobles (iii). Monks – Friars (iv). St Benedict – Italy
- A. (ii),(iv). B. (i),(ii) C. (i),(iii). D. (iii),(iv)

21. Identify the institution.

- (i). Anglo- Saxons had a great council which was used to consult before imposing any tax.
- (ii). This council constituted of members from lords and the clergy.
- (iii). It also had representation from towns and rural areas.
- (iv). A section of this institution executed the King Charles I

A. Parliament B. House of lords. C.Senate. D. House of commons.

SECTION - B

Answer the following in 60-80 words.

(3X6=18)

22a). Describe any three features of Mesopotamian Town Ur.

OR

b) What were the notable features of city life in Mesopotamia?

23. Mention any three features of families in Roman Empire.

24. What was the significance of Yasa for Mongols?

25. Evaluate Genghis Khan's Military Reforms.

26. What was the function of medieval monasteries?

27a). Mention three reasons for rise of power of monarch in medieval Europe.

OR

b) How did feudalism shape the social structure of medieval Europe?

SECTION - C

Answer the following in 300-350 words.

(8X3=24)

28a). Examine the reasons behind the slowing down of Europe's economic expansion by the early 14th century.

OR

b) Analyze the social hierarchy of medieval Europe based on the three orders.

29a). 'Mongols created an empire that dwarfed the achievements of Alexander' Elucidate the statement.

OR.

b) Evaluate the legacy of Genghis Khan as a military leader and empire builder.

30a). Give detailed description of Social structures under Roman Empire keeping in mind the changes that took place in the monetary system and Roman law.

OR

b) Describe the administrative structure of the Roman Empire, highlighting the role of the Emperor, Senate, and Army.

SECTION - D

Answer the following passage based questions

(4X3=12)

31. Galen on how Roman Cities treated the Countryside.

The famine prevalent for many successive years in many provinces has clearly displayed for men of any understanding the effect of malnutrition in generating illness. The city-dwellers, as it was their custom to collect and store enough grain for the whole of the next year immediately after the harvest, carried off all the wheat, barley, beans and lentils, and left to the peasants various kinds of pulse — after taking quite a large proportion of these to the city. After consuming what was left in the course of the winter, the country people had to resort to unhealthy foods in the spring; they ate twigs and shoots of trees and bushes and bulbs and roots of inedible plants...

31.1. How did the action of city dwellers impact the health and well being of rural population ? 1

31.2. What did the City dwellers leave behind for the peasants to eat? 1

31.3. What does Galens' account reveal about the economic relationship between roman city and country side. 2

32. The capture of Bukhara

Juwaini, a late-thirteenth-century Persian chronicler of the Mongol rulers of Iran, carried an account of the capture of Bukhara in 1220. After the conquest of the city, Juwaini reported, Genghis Khan went to the festival ground where the rich residents of the city were and addressed them: 'O people know that you have committed great sins, and that the great ones among you have committed these sins. If you ask me what proof I have for these words, I say it is because I am the punishment of God. If you had not committed great sins, God would not have sent a punishment like me upon you'... Now one man had escaped from Bukhara after its capture and had come to Khurasan. He was questioned about the fate of the city and replied: 'They came, they [mined the walls], they burnt, they slew, they plundered and they departed.'

32.1. What is the source of information of the above extract? 1

32.2. Why did Genghis Khan go to the festival ground? 1

32.3. They came, they burnt, they slew and they departed". Who gave this statement? What did this convey? 2

33. How many valiant men, how many fair ladies, (had) breakfast with their kinfolk and the same night supped with their ancestors in the next world! The condition of the people was pitiable to behold. They sickened by the thousands daily, and died unattended and without help. Many died in the open street, others dying in their houses, made it known by the stench of their rotting bodies. Consecrated

churchyards did not suffice for the burial of the vast multitude of bodies, which were heaped by the hundreds in vast trenches, like goods in a ship's hold and covered with a little earth.

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|--|---|
| 33.1. What was the reason for this massive death in 14 th century Western Europe? | 1 |
| 33.2. How did this deadly disease reach relatively isolated Western Europe? | 1 |
| 33.3. What was the impact of this epidemic on the labour force? | 2 |

SECTION - E

34. Locate and name the following places in the map. (1x5=5)
- A. Duke of this country attacked the Anglo-Saxons.
 - B. Tigris and Euphrates emptied their water in this water body.
 - C. Any one Scandinavian country.

Identify the marked places in the map

- D The country which was once a part of Mongol Empire.
- E Name the marked water body .

Name: -----

Class: -----

